**8th June**, **2020** **JESUS AND MARY SCHOOL AND COLLEGE MODULE-3**

**CLASS-4 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE)**

**CHAPTER-VERBS**

***In today’s topic we will be studying the verb. This is a topic that you have been studying for many years but with each passing year the level of the topic goes higher. So study the topic carefully and complete the worksheet given below.***

***Parents are advised to help their ward and guide them without actually giving them the answers. This will help your ward to work independently. The solution of this worksheet will be provided in the next upload.***

A **verb** tells us what the subject in a sentence **is,** what it **does,** or what it **possesses.** Verbs express action, being and possession. For example-

1. Azhar **is** a boy. (Being)
2. I **eat** an apple everyday. (Action)
3. Shalini **has** a red dress. (Possession)

**EXPLANATION**

Verbs are doing words. They are also called action words. We always use a verb to make a sentence. There are two types of verb one is ***main verb*** and the other is ***helping verb.***

**Here are some examples of main verbs-**

1. Reena **was** late. (**Was** is the main verb)
2. They **were** busy. (**Were** is the main verb)

**Here are some examples of helping verbs-**

1. I **am reading. (reading** is the main verb; **am** is the helping verb**)**
2. Tanya **was going** out. (**going** is the main verb; **was** is the helping verb**)**

**NOTE*- Verbs are the most important part of a sentence. In fact, we cannot form a sentence***

 ***without a verb.***

**Ram to the market is not a sentence.**

**Ram is going to** **the market is a sentence.**

A verb in a sentence may be formed in different ways. For example-

1. Sandhya **sat** on a chair. (**One word)**
2. Raj **is sitting** on a stool. (**Two words)**
3. Parizad **will be sitting** on that sofa. (**Three words)**

**VERBS THAT EXPRESS ACTIONS**

Verbs like **go, sit, stand, talk, walk,** etc. express actions. For example-

1. **Go** to the market.
2. Ali **walks** four kilometres every day.
3. Please **sit** down.

**VERBS THAT DENOTE BEING**

The words **am, is, are, was, were, being** and **been** are different forms of the verb **be.** They tell us what a person or a thing is.Generally, these verbs are used with other action words in a sentence. But they can act as the main verb too. For example-

1. I **am reading. (Reading** is the main verb; **am** is the helping verb)
2. He **is** an accountant. **(Is** is the main verb)
3. They **are** in the next room. (**Are** is the main verb)
4. Radha **was going** out. (**Going** is the main verb; **was** is the helping verb)
5. She was late. (**Was** is the main verb)
6. They **were** busy. (**Were** is the main verb)

**VERBS THAT DENOTE BELONGING**

The verb **has**, **have** and **had** show belonging or possession when used as main verbs. For example-

1. I **have** a new toy.
2. She **has** a younger brother.
3. They **have** a big blue car.
4. I **had** a long skirt.

 **NOTE-** *The verb* ***have*** *also means* ***to eat*** *or* ***to experience****.*

For example-

1. He **has** seven almonds every morning. (Eats)
2. We **had** a great time yesterday. (Experienced)

The verb **has**, **have** and **had** are used as helping verbs with main verbs in a sentence.

For example- I **have** finished my work. Here, **have** helps the main verb finished.

**SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT**

Every sentence has a subject and a verb. The subject and the verb in a sentence must agree in number. Look at the following example:

**The market stays** open all night.

**SINGULAR SUBJECT (SINGULAR VERB)**

If the **subject** in a sentence is **singular**, the **verb** should also be **singular**. For example-

1. **A worm wriggles** in water.
2. **Rani is coming** out of the room.

If the **subject** in a sentence is **plural**, the **verb** should also be **plural**. For example-

1. **Worms wriggle** in water.
2. **Rani** and **Raman are coming** out of the room.

With **I** and **you** we always use a **plural** verb.

1. **You are** a good boy.
2. **All of you were** late yesterday.
3. **I walk** to school.

**WORKSHEET- 3**

1. **Match the action to the animals that can do them.**

 **Column-A Column-B**

1. Tiger a) Chirps
2. Rabbit b) Crawls
3. Bird c) Roars
4. Mosquito d) Hops
5. Earthworm e) Stings
6. Duck f) Gallops
7. Horse g) Quacks
8. **Choose the correct verbs for the sentences given below. Write whether they are main verbs or helping verbs.**
9. Mr. And Mrs. Ahuja (are/were) here yesterday .…………………
10. The parrot (is/are) imitating its master. …………………
11. My parents (is/are) going for a movie. ………………….
12. All the people (were/was) tired after the party. ………………….
13. I (am/is) the class monitor. ………………….
14. **Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the verbs given in brackets.**
15. Rani ……………………. Dancing. Her friends…………….. watching her.(enjoy / enjoys)
16. I …………………… my grandmother. She ……………. me too. (love/ loves)
17. The sun ………………………during the day while the stars …………………at night.

(shine / shines)

1. A spider ………………..a web. Many other spiders also…………………..their webs.

(Spin / Spins)

1. A squirrel………………. a nut. The other squirrels ………………….. behind a tree to see where it is hiding the nut. (is hiding / are hiding)

***NOTE- Please do all this work in your new copies which will be checked when school re-opens.***

 ***Please consider this important. Solution of this worksheet will be given on next upload.***

**SOLUTION OF PREVIOUS WORKSHEET UPLOADED ON 25TH MAY, 2020**

**A. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the nouns.**

 1. Watch 2. Dress 3. Branches 4. Wish

 5. Room 6. Meals 7. Boys 8. Lilies

**B. Rewrite the sentences by changing the nouns from plural to singular forms. Make other**

 **necessary changes also.**

1. The shelf has a book on it.
2. The woman told a child about her childhood experience.
3. The peon serves coffee at the meeting.
4. The monkey is on the roof.
5. The child took a water bottle to the picnic.
6. The woman wants to borrow a scissor.
7. The sheep is grazing in the field.
8. There was deer in the deer park.
9. The actor went in to change his costume.
10. My brother bought a loaf of bread.

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